NAME OF FACULTY	:	
Discipline	:	Civil Engg.
Semester	:	3 rd
Subject	:	Surveying
Lesson Plan Duration	:	15 weeks

Week	Theory		Practical		
	Lecture Day	Topic (including assignment / test)	Practical Day	Торіс	
1	1.	1 Introduction: 1.1 Basic principles of surveying	1	Brief Introduction To Practicals.	
	2	 1.2 Concept and purpose of surveying, measurements-linear and angular, units of 	2.	I. Chain surveying i) a) Ranging a line	
	3	measurements 1.3 Instruments used for taking these measurements, classification based on surveying instruments		b) Chaining a line and recording in the field book.	
2.	1.	 Chain surveying: 2.1.Purpose and principles of Chain Surveying 	1.	c) Taking offsets - perpendicular and oblique (with a tape only) d) Setting out right angle with a tape	
	2.	2.2 Introduction, advantages and disadvantages	2.	ii) Chaining of a line involving reciprocal ranging	
		2.3 Direct and indirect ranging, offsets and recording of field notes			
_	1.	2.4 Obstacles in Chain Surveying	1.	iii)Chaining a line involving obstacles to ranging	
3.	2.	2.5Errors in Chain Surveying and their	2.	iv)Chain Survey of a	

ŀ	┣────	correction		small area.
		3. Compass surveying:		
	3	3.1Purpose of compass surveying. Use of		
		prismatic compass: Setting and taking		
		observations		
		3.2 Concept of following with simple numerical		III Compass Surveying:
		problems:	1.	i) a) Study of
		a) Meridian - Magnetic and true, Arbitrary		prismatic compass
ŀ	1.	b) Bearing - Magnetic, True and Arbitrary		
	2.	c)Whole circle bearing and reduced bearing		b) Setting the compass
	<u> </u>		2.	and taking observations
		d) Fore and back bearing		
4.	3	e) Magnetic dip and declination		
	1.	++		c) Measuring angles
			1	between the lines
		REVISION		meeting at a point
ł	2.	FIRST SESSIONAL		III. Levelling:
5.	3			i) a) Study of dumpy
5.	5	3.3 Local attraction - causes, detection		level and levelling staff
ļ				b) Temporary
				adjustments of various
			2	levels
	 	+	2.	c) Taking staff readings
				on different stations
	1.		1.	from the single setting
		errors and corrections	<u> </u> .	and finding differences
				of level between them
6.	2.	problems on local attraction		ii) a) To find out
		1		difference of level
			2.	between two distant
	3			points by shifting the
		DO		instrument
		magnetic declination and calculation of		iii) Longitudinal and
	1	included angles in a compass traverse (Simple	1.	cross sectioning of a
		Numerical Problems)		road/railway/canal
ŀ	 	4. Levelling:		iv) Setting a gradient by
		4.1 Purpose of levelling, concept of a level	2.	dumpy and auto-level
	2.	surface, horizontal surface, vertical surface,	۷.	
7.	۷.	datum, reduced level and bench marks		
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	3	DO 4.2Identification of various parts of Dumpy level and use of Dumpy level, Engineer' level, Auto level: advantages and disadvantages, use of auto level.	1.	IV.Plane Table Surveying: i) a) Study of the plane table survey equipment
8	2.	4.3 Concepts of line of collimation, axis of the bubble tube, axis of the telescope and vertical axis	2	b) Setting the plane table
	3	4.4Levelling staff: single piece, folding, invar precision staff, telescopic	2.	
	1.	4.5Temporary adjustment and permanent adjustment of dumpy level by two peg method.	1.	c) Marking the North direction
	2.	4.6 Concept of back sight, foresight, intermediate sight, change point, to determine reduce levels		d) Plotting a few points by radiation method
9.	3	4.7Level book and reduction of levels by 4.7.1Height of collimation method and 4.7.2 Rise and fall method	2.	
10.	1.	REVISION	1.	ii) a) Orientation by - Trough compass - Back sighting
	2.	SECOND SESSIONAL		b)Plotting few points by
	3	4.8 Arithmetic checks, problem on reduction of levels, fly levelling, check leveling and profile levelling (L-section and X-section), errors in levelling, permissible limits, reciprocal leveling. Numerical problems.	2.	intersection, radiation and resection method
11.	1.	4.9 Computations of Areas of regular figures and irregular figures. Simpson's rule: prismatic formula and graphical method use of planimeter for computation of areas, numerical problems	1.	iii) Traversing an area with a plane table (at least five lines)

	2.	 Plane Table Surveying 5.1Purpose of plane table surveying, equipment used in plane table survey: 	2.	V.Layout of Buildings (from given drawing of two room residential building) by use of surveying instruments
	3	5.2 Setting of a plane table:(a) Centering(b) Levelling		, ,
	1.	(c) Orientation	1.	REVISION
	2.	5.3 Methods of plane table surveying(a)Radiation,(b) Intersection	2.	
12.	3	(c) Traversing (d) Resection		REVISION
	1.	5.4 Concept of Two point and Three point problems (Concept only)	1.	REVISION
13.	2.	5.5Errors in plane table survey and precautions to control them. Testing and adjustment of plane table and alidade	2.	
	3	REVISION		REVISION
14.	1.	THIRD SESSIONAL	1.	REVISION
	2.	PREPARATION FOR FINAL EXAM	2.	
	3	DO		REVISION
15.	1.	DO	1.	REVISION
	2	DO DO	2	REVISION
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